# WORLDWIDE INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE THROUGH TWITTER

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# INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE

- Government flu monitoring is the gold standard
  - But reports have a delay of ~2 weeks (or longer, if the government shuts down ③)



- Text-driven systems can produce estimates
  immediately
  - This study: tweets
    - advantage: huge, public, free



## INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE

Most systems have focused on the United States

- CDC ILINet is the gold standard for US
  - Sentinel network of thousands of US providers
  - Hospitals report % of outpatients seen for influenza-like illness
  - Weekly reports of estimated ILI prevalence
- Data is lagged by 5-12 days
  - This lag can be even longer in other locations

# WORLDWIDE SURVEILLANCE

We evaluated Twitter flu surveillance for 10 Englishspeaking countries

 We also have ongoing work evaluating several US states/ counties/cities

Source, URL, and Description
Department of Health
http://www.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/cda-surveil-ozflu-flucurr.htm
ILI Sentinel taken from the Australian Influenza Surveillance Report figure 6: "Weekly rate of ILI reported from
GP ILI surveillance systems" with the unit described as "Rate per 1,000 consultations". Weeks begin Monday.
Public Health Agency of Canada
http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/13-14/index-eng.php
ILI Sentinel taken from FluWatch Report figure 5: "Influenza-like-illness (ILI) consultation rates by report week" with the unit described as "Rate per 1,000 patient visits". Weeks begin Sunday.
Health Protection Surveillance Centre
http://www.hpsc.ie/A-Z/Respiratory/Influenza/SeasonalInfluenza/Surveillance/InfluenzaSurveillanceReports/
ILI Sentinel taken from Influenza Surveillance Report figure 1: "ILI sentinel GP consultation rates per 10,000
population" with the unit described as "ILI rate per 100,000 population". Weeks begin Monday.
Institute of Environmental Science and Research
https://surv.esr.cri.nz/virology/influenza_weekly_update.php
ILI Sentinel taken from Influenza Weekly Update figure 2: "Weekly consultation rates for influenza-like illness
in New Zealand, 2010-2014" with the unit described as "Consultation rate (per 100,000)". The Influenza Weekly
Update only reports during the influenza season in New Zealand which typically lasts between weeks 18 to 44.
Weeks begin Monday.
National Institute of Communicable Diseases
http://www.nicd.ac.za/?page=surveillance_bulletin&id=15
Hospital consultation data taken from National Institute of Communicable Diseases Monthly Surveillance Bul-
letin. The unit measured is the number of private hospital outpatient consultations with a discharge diagnosis of
pneumonia and influenza. Weeks begin Sunday.
Public Health England
http://www.hpa.org.uk/Topics/InfectiousDiseases/InfectionsAZ/SeasonalInfluenza/EpidemiologicalData/
ILI Sentinel taken from the National Influenza Report in the tables from the "Weekly consultation rates in
national sentinel schemes" section. Weeks begin Monday.
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
http://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard.html
ILI Sentinal data from the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet). The CDC
coordinates the network and publishes weekly reports showing the percentage of outpatient consultations for
ILI. National rates as well as rates for the 10 HHS regions are available. Weeks begin Sunday.

- We used our state-of-the-art Twitter system
  - Lamb et al (2013) and Broniatowski et al (2013)
- Two streams downloading data since Nov 2011
  - 1% sample and stream filtered for health keywords
  - About 4 million per day
- Cascade of tweet classifiers:
  - Relevant to health
  - Relevant to flu
  - Indicates flu **infection** (vs general awareness)
- Can produce daily or weekly prevalence estimates
  # of tweets classified as flu infection

# of tweets from full sample



#### The infection vs awareness distinction matters!



Google concluded that media attention was a primary cause of their huge overestimate in 2012-2013

<u> </u>		_			
Google	flu symptoms	Ŷ	٩		
U	flu symptoms				
	flu symptoms 2014				
	flu symptoms in children				
flu symptoms vs cold symptoms					

"flu symptoms" – not an experiential query

#### Features:

- Stylometry
  - Retweets, user mentions, URLs, emoticons
- 8 manually created word classes

Infection	getting, got, recovered, have, having, had, has, catching, catch, cured, infected
Disease	bird, flu, sick, epidemic
Concern	afraid, worried, scared, fear, worry, nervous, dread, dreaded, terrified
Treatment/ Prevention	vaccine, vaccines, shot, shots, mist, tamiflu, jab, nasal spray
•••	•••

#### Features:

- Part of speech templates
  - (subject,verb,object) tuples
    - always a good feature, IMO
  - numeric references
    - "100 more cases of swine flu"
  - whether "flu" is a noun or adjective
    - "tired of the flu" vs "tired of the flu hype"
  - whether "flu" is the subject or object
    - "I have the flu" vs "the flu is going around"
  - ... and others







#### **England and Wales**









### NOWCASTING MODEL

• Linear autoregressive model:

$$\hat{y}_w = \alpha_0 y_{w-\ell} + \alpha_1 y_{w-\ell-1}$$

• This is a strong baseline

# NOWCASTING MODEL

• Linear autoregressive exogenous model:

$$\hat{y}_w = \gamma z_w + \alpha_0 y_{w-\ell} + \alpha_1 y_{w-\ell-1}$$

Weekly estimate from our Twitter system

Location	Pop.	# Tweets / week		Delay	n	Time Range	
		All	Flu				
Australia	22.7m	60,332	304	12–26	125	201149 - 201418	
Canada	34.9m	137,608	544	6–20	125	201149 – 201418	
England+Wales	56.1m	339,387	1,935	4–11	122	201149 – 201418	
Ireland	4.6m	30,180	211	4–11	113	201149 – 201418	
New Zealand	4.4m	9,003	46	3–10	45	201220 - 201344	
Northern Ireland	1.8m	6,415	46	4–11	122	201149 - 201418	
Scotland	5.3m	32,212	184	4–11	122	201149 - 201418	
South Africa	51.2m	33,095	495	>30	105	201203 - 201418	
United States	314.0m	2.1m	5,846	6–13	125	201149 - 201418	
Wales	3.1m	14,169	96	4–11	122	201149 - 201418	

Location	r	MSE Red. (%)			
		<i>ℓ</i> =1	<i>ℓ</i> =2	<i>l</i> =3	
Australia	0.648*	10.5	19.5*	29.2*	
Canada	0.740*	7.7	24.1*	37.2*	
England+Wales	0.517*	-0.6	7.8	9.5	
Ireland	0.433*	1.6	5.4	7.4	
New Zealand	0.614*	18.0	37.0	59.2	
Northern Ireland	0.422*	5.3	6.1	8.7	
Scotland	0.517*	-3.2	-0.5	4.2	
South Africa	0.547*	5.6	17.2	25.3	
United States	0.814*	15.3	17.7	33.6*	
Wales	0.374*	2.7	6.8	3.3	

Results from 5-fold cross validation



- Our results are assume that the gold data is actually available, but this isn't usually true
  - For example, the CDC data is always revised in later weeks.
  - Our experiments used the revised data rather than the data that would have actually be available at the time
  - Therefore the nowcasts have unrealistically low error
    - In an earlier study, Twitter reduced error by 30% if we used the correct data, butonly 6% if we used the revised data

## CONCLUSION

- Our system works well in several countries
  - Tweet quality varies by country
  - But so does the quality of sentinel surveillance
- Limitation: only works in English-speaking locations
  - Want to train models for additional languages in future

### THANK YOU